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· 科技快讯 ·

肺康复对烧伤患者肺功能和运动能力的影响:

一项前瞻性随机单盲研究

本文引用格式: Won YH, Cho YS, Joo SY, et al. The effect of a pulmonary rehabilitation on lung function and exercise capacity in patients with burn: a prospective randomized single-blind study[J]. J Clin Med, 2020, 9(7): 2250. DOI: 10.3390/jcm9072250.

该研究通过对 120 例吸人性损伤患者进行肺功能测定及影响因素分析,探讨烧伤合并吸人性损伤患者的肺功能康复效果。干预前,肺康复组与常规康复组患者评估结果无明显差异。肺康复组患者康复前后最大吸气压(MIP)占预计值百分比和峰值咳嗽流量变化与常规康复组相比有显著改善($P=0.04$ 、 0.01),其他参数与常规康复组比较,差异无统计学意义($P>0.05$)。康复 12 周后,肺康复组和常规康复组患者一氧化碳弥散量占预计值百分比、MIP、MIP 占预计值百分比和膈肌活动度比较,差异有统计学意义($P=0.02$ 、 0.005 、 0.001 、 0.005),其他指标相近($P>0.05$)。这些结果表明,肺康复应该是烧伤患者治疗计划的基本组成部分。

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